ESG Presentation

→ To Create a Sustainable Society →

November 30, 2018

J. Front Retailing Co., Ltd.

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Director, President and Representative Executive Officer

Create and Bring to Life "New Happiness."



Origin of the Group



Sustainable management





1611 Founded as a kimono fabric and fancy goods wholesaler

300+ years

400+ years

Management integration September 2007



Put the "Mission Statement" at the core of management and integrated all management activities

Implementation of the Mission Statement



Service before Profit

Service before Profit — This phrase is from a passage from "Of Honor and Disgrace" written by Xunzi, a Chinese thinker in the Zhanguo period, "Those who give priority to service over profit will prosper." The most important thing is to approach things with sincerity and good faith. "Do not sell any products that are of no benefit to customers." "Do not rank customers." "Honesty and loving-kindness come first." "An unfaithful person is useless regardless of how gifted he/she may be." Thus Daimaru has told its employees to keep a humble attitude to serve customers. At Matsuzakaya, the spirit of "Abjure all evil and practice all good" has been valued. They can be modernized as "Customer-first principle" and "Contribution to society." Thinking of stakeholders thoroughly and acting accordingly will lead to business growth. We believe "Creating Shared Value (CSV)" to solve social issues through business activities is nothing less than practicing the Group's corporate credo simply and honestly.

"Customer-first principle" "Contribution to society" in modern language

Consistent with CSV incorporating ESG issues

History of Crisis and Innovation



The Rebellion of Oshio Heihachiro

The "Rebellion of Oshio Heihachiro" broke out in 1837 and the warehouses of almost all wealthy merchants were burnt down. Oshio told his followers not to attack Daimaru because they are a philanthropic merchant and Daimaru escaped burning.

Financial crisis at the end of Meiji period

Daimaru's business performance gradually worsened affected by disorder at the end of the Edo period, the Meiji Restoration and economic crisis.

In 1907, Daimaru sold assets and cleared huge debts. They overcame financial crisis by innovating and modernizing the organization and operations.

Conversion to department store operators

Matsuzakaya and Daimaru established stock companies in 1910 and 1920, respectively.

They displayed products including clothing, accessories and cosmetics instead of bringing products from a stockroom at customer's request, which is a traditional way of selling called *zauri* that dates back to the Edo period.



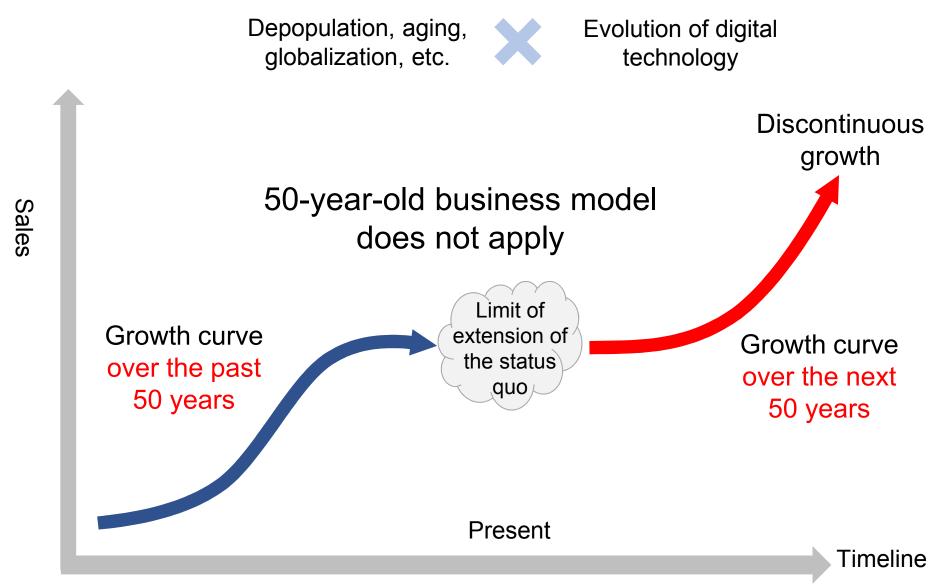
Japanese traditional puppet show *bunraku* "Osaka Hanjoki," featuring the story of the Oshio Rebellion



Shifted from *zaur*i to display to become a department store (Matsuzakaya Ueno store)

Facing a Great "Turning Point"







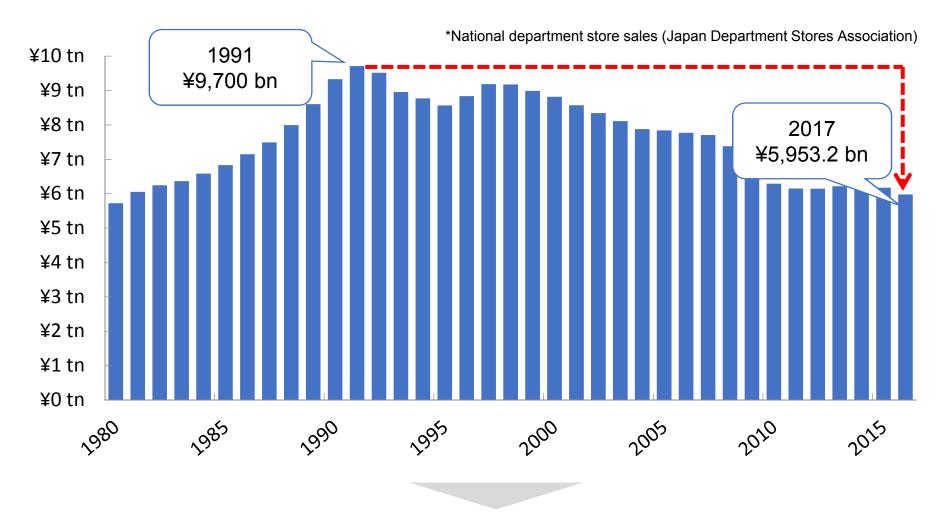
Realization of governance reform

Deepening "constructive dialogue" to enhance corporate value over the medium to long term

Environment Surrounding the Department Store Sector



Last year national department store sales decreased to 60% of their peak in 1991



Points to Address Sustainability



- Building strong governance system to implement the Mission Statement and realize the Vision
- 2. Picking out materiality issues based on the changes of the times and formulating a specific action plan with clear goals
- 3. Dialogue with capital markets through active information disclosure

Reform of the Board of Directors



Reform based on third-party organization's evaluation of the effectiveness of the Board of Directors

Focused on strategic agenda and activated discussions

Matters to be reported [Reduced]

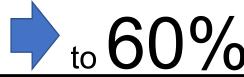
- Clarified the criteria for submitting agenda items (Reviewed qualitative/quantitative criteria)
- Transferred/shrank the matters to be executed by individual operating companies

Strategy-related agenda [Strengthened]

• Increased "discussions on the direction of management and strategies" including the Vision, the Medium-term Business Plans, finance strategy, M&A and corporate governance

<u>Discussion time at the Board meetings increased</u>

from 20%



Expanded Opportunities to Use Insights of Outside Directors



With various efforts discussion time at the Board meetings increased

Governance agenda that requires in-depth discussion need to be discussed separately

Created the "Governance Committee"

Discussing governance issues freely and vigorously

Outside Director

President Chairperson



Appointment/dismissal by the "Nomination Committee" through internal assessment + third-party assessment to secure objectivity

<People to be assessed>

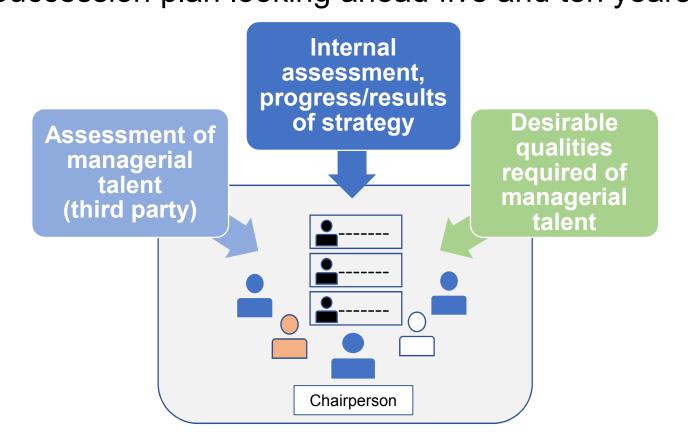
Directors / Executive Officers including top management of JFR / major operating companies

Not only the process of appointment but also judgment about appointment/dismissal is delegated to the Committee



Succession plan for President is the most important "strategic decision-making"

Emergency plan assuming unforeseen circumstances Succession plan looking ahead five and ten years



Review of Officer Remuneration System



<Basic policy on officer remuneration>

Remuneration composition

Basic : Bonus : P S 1 : 0.6 : 0.6

Incentive

Short term: bonus Mid to long term: Stock

Shareholding

Continuous shareholding for 3 years

*Incentives are not provided to Non-executive Directors (Inside/Outside).

[Introduction of stock-based remuneration system]

Executive Officers of the Company and major operating companies

System linked to consolidated performance achievement rate

Non-executive Directors

Predetermined number of shares are issued

Performance Share



(Details of performance share)

The Company's shares are issued linked to the consolidated performance achievement rate, etc. provided in the Medium-term Business Plan for the Group's sustainable growth and the medium- to long-term growth of corporate value.

| Key Performance Indicator (KPI) | | | Short term | Mid to long term | Mid to long term PS | Method of use |
|---------------------------------|-----|-------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|------------------------|---|
| Profitability | (1) | Consolidated operating profit | 0 | 0 | ¥5.6 bn | Evaluation based on the achievement rate of targets (absolute value) Evaluations are weighted as 50% for each indicator |
| | (2) | Basic earnings per share | | 0 | ¥141.47 | |
| | (3) | FCF | _ | 0 | Actual value > 0 | If targets are not achieved, the amount of stock-based |
| Efficiency | (4) | ROE | _ | 0 | 8% or more | remuneration is reduced by 50% (reduced by 25% if one target is not achieved) |

Note: Short-term targets are the initial forecasts for the relevant fiscal year as announced in the Consolidated Financial Results each April (IFRS basis).

Deepening Dialogue through Governance Reform



Realization of governance reform

Strengthening the oversight function of management

Improving transparency/objectivity of management

Reducing investor risk

Reducing capital cost

Promoting dialogue with investors from a medium- to long-term perspective

Actual Dialogues in FY2017



Presentations / small meetings



Interviews with investors based in

Japan



Interviews with investors based

overseas





*Top management had about 100 in-person dialogues



Dialogue opportunities involving ESG issues increased

ESG Investment Trend Is Accelerating



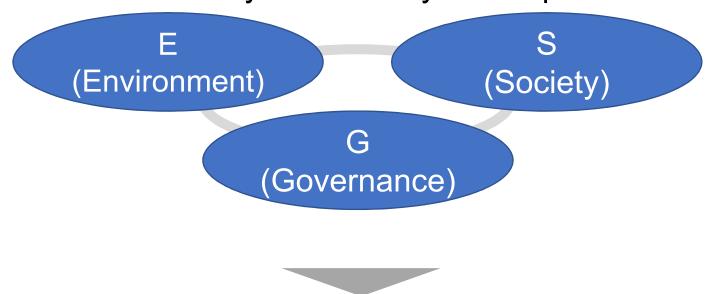
- More than 2,000 institutional investors signed the UN Principles for Responsible Investment (PRI) with total assets of \$80 tn under management
- ► The world's largest pension fund GPIF signed the PRI in 2015, adopts three ESG indices since 2017, and adopts environmental carbon efficient indices since 2018

Divestment trends are spreading worldwide

ESG as Risk



Medium- to long-term risk that seems to affect the sustainability and viability of companies



Company's risk "management capabilities" are called into question



"Dialogue" through active information disclosure is essential

Formulation of Sustainability Policy

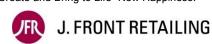


With People, with Local Communities, with Environment

to Realize New Happiness in Sustainable Society and Life

Made it clear that we will create value for stakeholders and contribute to creating a sustainable society by resolving social issues through business activities

Identification of Materiality Issues



<Standpoints for selecting materiality issues>

- 1) The issues we can tackle using our core businesses
- 2) The environmental/social issues that are meaningful for us to address, from which we can produce results

Picked out 25 candidate issues

Conducted a questionnaire survey of 4,250 stakeholders

Referred to major guidelines including the GRI Standards, ISO 26000 and SDGs

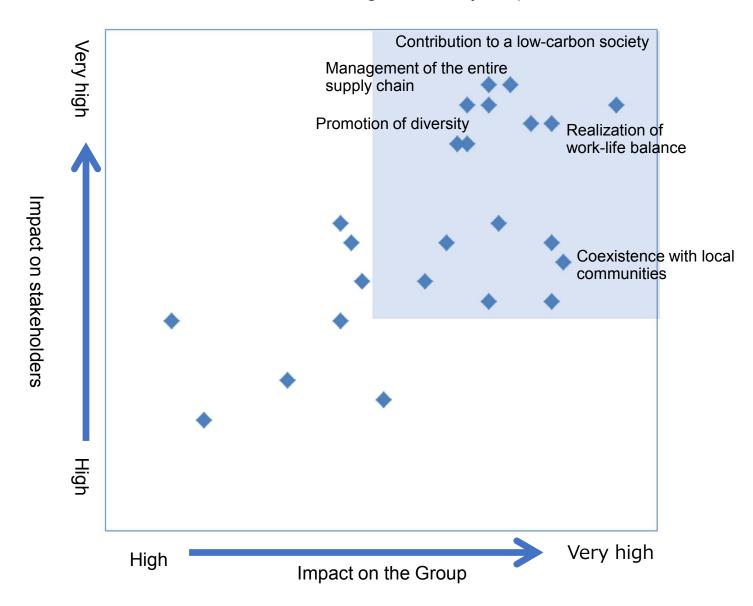
Developed a materiality map after discussions at the Management Meetings, etc. within the Company

Formally determined materiality priorities at the Board meeting

Materiality Map



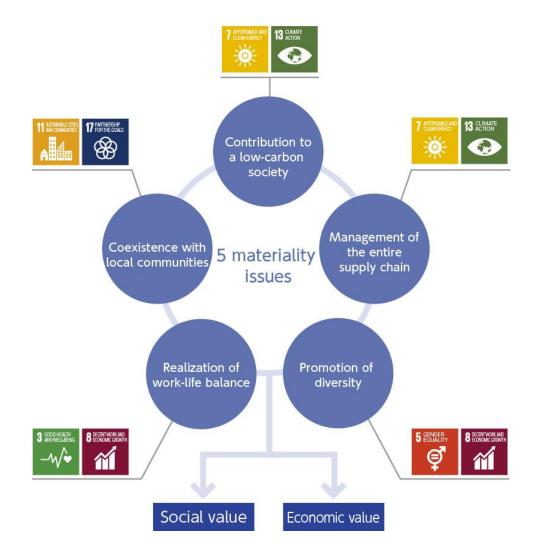
<J. Front Retailing Materiality Map>



5 Materiality Issues and SDGs



<5 priority materiality issues to be addressed by the Group>





Environment



- Increasing global awareness of climate change
- Action on global warming cannot be overlooked as a member of society

Contribution to a low-carbon society is an urgent and the greatest issue and we will address it as a matter of top priority

Changing business model

Reviewing business portfolio

Responding to stakeholders

Developing a business model to resolve environmental issues and achieve sustainable corporate growth at the same time



Target for 2050

Reducing CO2 emissions to achieve **zero** CO2 emissions in **2050** (scopes 1 and 2)

Reducing CO2 emissions by 40% in 2030 (scopes 1 and 2)

*Comparison to FY2017

25

Contribution to a Low-carbon Society

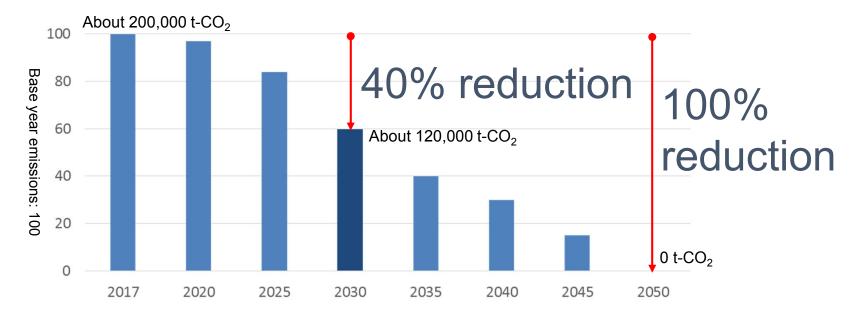


Scopes 1 and 2 the Group emissions reduction target (comparison to FY2017)

FY2030 40% reduction

FY2050
Zero emissions (100% reduction)

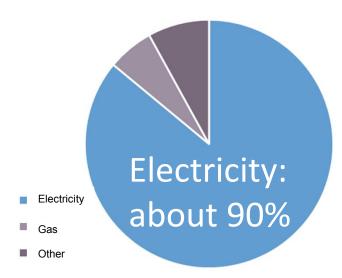
- Scope 3 emissions reduction target will be considered during the current fiscal year.
- We will apply for Science Based Targets (SBT) certification during the current fiscal year.



*SBT:
Developed by Science Based Targets initiative (a joint initiative by WWF, CDP, the UN Global Compact and WRI).
GHG emissions reduction targets consistent with the level of decarbonization required by science to limit global warming to less than 2°C



The status quo of J. Front Retailing and relation to climate change



- The Group's GHG gas emissions are about 13% of department store sector*
- The Group's businesses have a great impact on the emissions of supply chains through procurement, logistics, etc.
- Action on climate change directly leads to business risk reduction and cost reduction in the future.

<The Group breakdown of GHG gas emission sources>

Emissions in 2017: about 200,000t

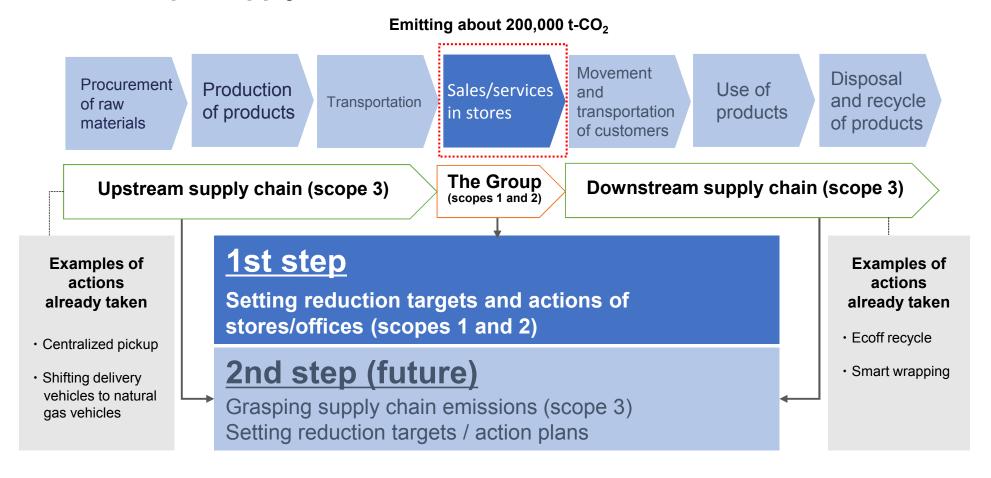
Other: Local cooling and heating (Umeda/Sapporo/Nagoya), use of heavy oil (Sapporo) and gasoline (company cars)

Contribution to a low-carbon society (action on climate change) is an important task for the management of the Group

*Source: Department store sector action plan for a low-carbon society, 2017, Japan Department Stores Association



The Group's supply chain

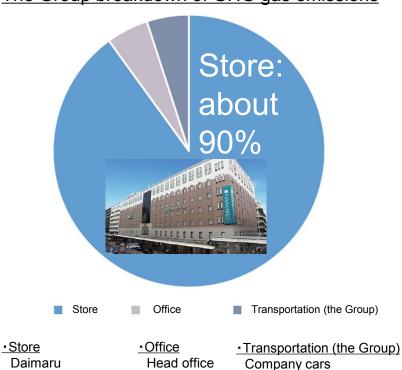


Gaisho cars, etc.



Initiative for "zero CO2 emissions in stores" mainly by introducing renewable energy*1 to power stores

The Group breakdown of GHG gas emissions



building

Offices of

associated companies, etc.

Matsuzakava

Parco, etc.

Department Stores

CO2 emissions in stores account for about 90% of scope 1 and 2 emissions

CO2 emissions from electricity use account for about 90% of CO2 emissions in stores (The remaining about 10% is emissions from gas use)

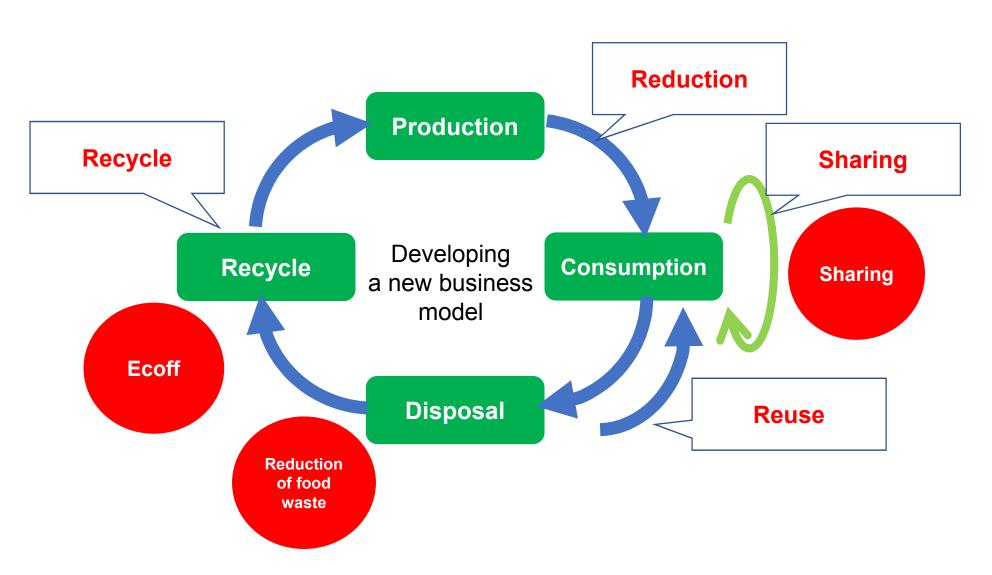
Major actions

- (1) Shift to low-carbon electricity and electricity derived from renewable energy
- (2) Continuing thorough energy saving
- (3) Shift to green supplies and paperless operations
- (4) Green Power Certificates and purchase of J-Credits
- 100% renewable energy in major stores

Zero CO2 emissions from stores

*1 Energy such as sunlight, sun heat, water power, wind power, biomass and geothermal heat can be renewed in a relatively short time after use and will not be depleted.







Target for 2050

We will address the environmental issues and social issues seriously and meet responsibilities to upstream supply chain with suppliers by resolving these issues. At the same time, we will provide safe and secure products to customers and work with customers to realize a recycling society.



Targets to be achieved in 2030

Scope 3 CO2 emissions reduction target 2030 40% reduction

Target of awareness of supply chain policy 2030 100%



Actions

With suppliers

- Formulating a supply chain policy and making it known
- Finding green suppliers

Actions to realize an environment-friendly society

- Scope 3 CO2 emissions reduction
- Shift to green supplies, paperless operations and tackling plastic issues

Actions to realize a recycling society

Expansion of Ecoff initiative

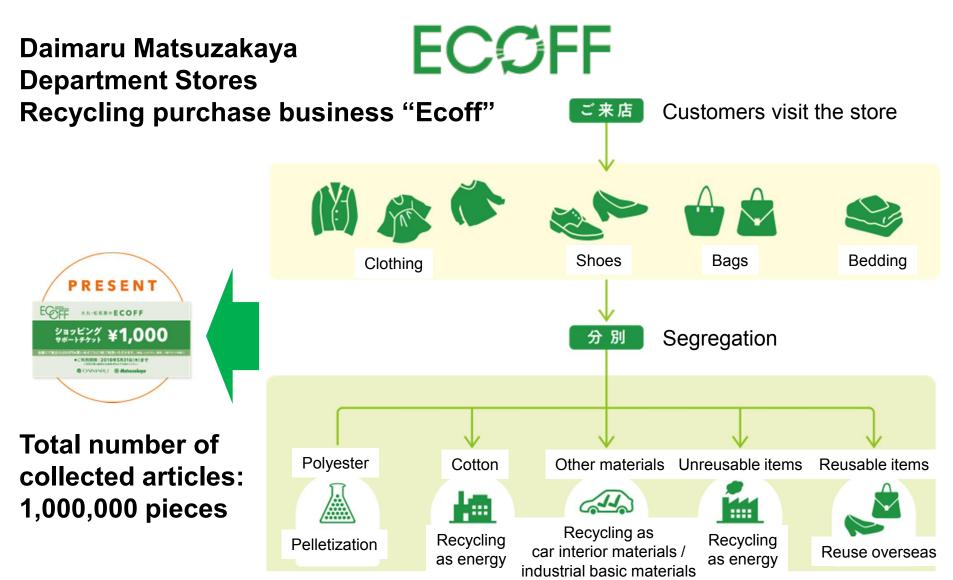


This year department store shopping bags were produced using FSC® (Forest Stewardship Council®)-certified paper









Coexistence with Local Communities



Target for 2050

Local communities, governments and retailers cooperate in urban development using the assets of the area, which is what we are good at, and at the same time, resolving environmental issues to realize sustainable and advanced urban development

Coexistence with Local Communities



Actions

Promotion of urban development

- New store planning of new Daimaru Shinsaibashi store and new Shibuya Parco, which will open in 2019
- Development by renovating local historic facilities

Expansion of local production for local consumption

- Expansion of local production for local consumption using our nationwide store network
- Expansion of the lineup of the products unique to Japan

Development of reconstruction assistance measures as social responsibility

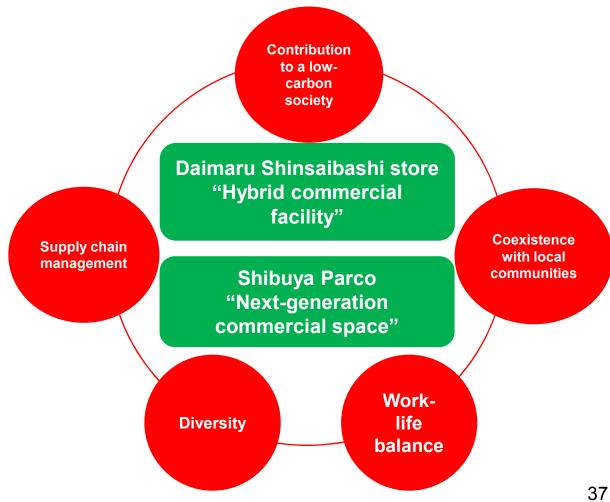
Coexistence with Local Communities



We will create "new main building of Daimaru Shinsaibashi store" and "new Shibuya Parco," which will open in fall 2019, by adding materiality initiatives including actions on environmental issues





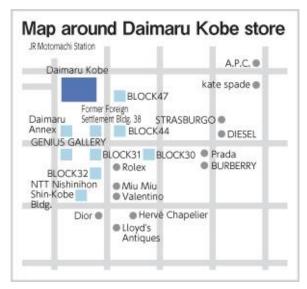


Coexistence with Local Communities

Development of historic facilities through renovation

■ Shop development around the Daimaru Kobe store





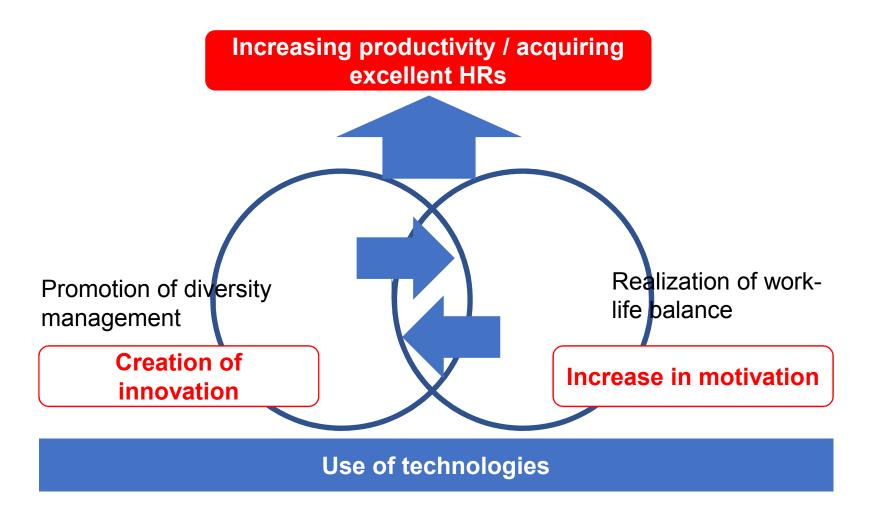
■ Kyoto Machiya project



Society

Human Resources Strategy







Target for 2050

We will create the environments and systems in which all people working for the Group can show their originality to the fullest and perform well regardless of nationality, religion, gender, LGFT status, age and disability so that they can engage with all customers equally and realize their happiness.



Actions

Promotion of women's empowerment

- Shortened working hours system for women coming back from child care and improvement of training and personal development during leave
- Women's school and expansion of Mother Recruitment program for the child-rearing generation

Promotion of elderly empowerment

 Development of job categories / duties for employees aged 60 and older, optional working hours and lifting of the ban on second jobs and side jobs

Employment of disabled people

- Improvement of the work environments of operating companies in the Group
- Development of new business by a special subsidiary



JFR Create Co., Ltd. (special subsidiary in J. Front Retailing Group)







Target to be achieved in 2030

Proportion of women in management positions

2025 30%

2030 50%, same as the employee composition

Mandatory retirement age 2030 70 years old

Employment of disabled people 2030 3.0%

Realization of Work-Life Balance



Target for 2050

Corporate culture and work options will be provided so that individual employees can achieve work-life balance according to their life stages to make themselves and their family happy.

Realization of Work-Life Balance



Actions

Expansion of work systems

 Homeworking, remote working (satellite offices), and minimization of transfer with or without family

Use of technologies

 Streamlining of operations and shift to high-value-added operations using technologies including AI and RPA

Expansion of work systems and rules

 Introduction of paid child care leave, improvement and expansion of nursing care leave, and child care facilities in offices

Realization of Work-Life Balance



Target to be achieved in 2030

Male employees taking child care leave 2030 100%

Turnover due to child/family care 2025 0%

Other ESG initiatives

- Creation of the Sustainability Committee
- Intention and preparation to address ESG issues

Creation of the Sustainability Committee



- 2018 ESG Promotion Division was created
- 2019 Sustainability Committee will be created

Sustainability Committee

- Developing a policy and systems required to promote sustainability management
- Setting KGIs/KPIs
- Progress management of operating companies
- Report to the Board of Directors on a regular basis (twice a year)

Intention and Preparation to Address ESG Issues



- Signed the "UN Global Compact" (October 17, 2018)
- Approved to participate in the "Japan Climate Initiative" (September 11, 2018)
- Approved to participate in the "Women's Empowerment Principles" (October 4, 2018)

WE SUPPORT







ESG Initiatives as Management Strategy



Changes in values of investors and other stakeholders drive changes in the businesses and consciousness of companies

Tackling ESG issues is crucial for the medium- to long-term growth of corporate value

Initiatives to resolve social issues through business activities by incorporating ESG into management strategy

Foundation/responsibility as a "public entity of society"

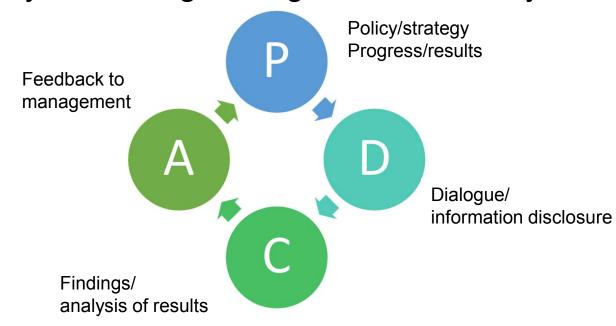
Promotion of Dialogue to Enhance Corporate Value I FRONT RETAILING



Agreed purpose of dialogue between investors and companies is to "enhance corporate value"

Deepening dialogue through active information disclosure

Feeding back "what we found" by enhancing management sensitivity



Website

http://www.j-front-retailing.com/english

Integrated Report

http://www.j-front-retailing.com/english/ir/library/annual.php



New employees in FY2017

Forward-looking statements in this document represent our assumptions based on information currently available to us and inherently involve potential risks, uncertainties and other factors. Therefore, actual results may differ materially from the results anticipated herein due to changes in various factors.

